## Topic: Earth and Space

## Year: 5

Strand: Physics

| What should I already know? |
| :--- |
| - We have four seasons (autumn, winter, spring and summer). |
| - The Sun is a source of light but the Moon is not. |
| - Know that a shadow is caused when an object blocks light from |
| passing through it. |
| - The properties of a sphere. |

What will I know by the end of the unit?

|  |
| :--- |
| What <br> causes <br> day and <br> night? |

- The Earth rotates on its axis anti-clockwise and makes a complete rotation over 24 hours (a day).
- This makes it appear as the Sun moves through the skybuttheEarth's rotationcausesdayandnight.
- Different parts of the Earth experience daylight at different times - this means that it is morning, afternoon and night in different places. This is also the reason why we have time zones.
- Becauseofthe Earth'stilt, the polesexperience24 hours of sunlightinthe summer, and veryfewhours of sunlight in the winter.
- As the Earth rotates, shadows that are formed change in size and orientation.

|  | Change in size and orientation. |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year <br> length | The Earth takes 365 and a quarter days to orbit the <br> Sun. |  |  |  |  |

and the seasons


- Because of the extra quarter day ittakes to orbit the Sun, every four years on Earth is a leap year!
- The Moon orbits the Earth anticlockwise and takes approximately 28 days.
- TheMoonspinsonceonits axiseverytimeitorbits Earth. This means that we onlysee one side of the Moon.
- The Moon has different phases depending on where it is in itsorbit.
- The Moon's gravity causes high and low tides.

What is the Solar System?

- There are 8 planets in our Solar System (Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune). Pluto is a dwarf planet.
- Theyallorbitthe Sun, whichis a star, andthey all have moons.
- The first four planets are relatively small and rocky, while the fourouter planets are gas giants (Jupiter and Saturn) orice giants (Uranus and Neptune).
- There are also asteroids, meteoroids and comets in the Solar System.
- The Solar System is in a galaxy called the Milky Way.
- The galaxy is in the universe.


WhentheMoon passes betweenthe Sunand Earth, the shadow castby the Moonfalls onthe Earth's surface and wewouldnolongerbeable to seetheSun. Thisiscalleda solar eclipse


| Vocabulary |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| asteroid | arockthat orbitstheSuninabeltbetweenMars and <br> Jupiter |
| axis | an imaginary line through the middle of something |
| comet | abright object with a long tail that travels around the <br> Sun |
| galaxy | an extremely large group of stars and planets. Our <br> galaxy is called the Milky Way. |
| gravity | the force which causes things to drop to the ground |
| leap year | a year which has 366 days. The extra day is the 29th <br> February. There is a leapyearevery fouryears |
| meteorite | a rock from outer space that has landed on Earth |
| orbit | the curved path in space that is followed by <br> an object goinground and round aplanet, moon, or star |
| planet | alarge, round object inspace that moves around astar |
| shadow | a dark shape on a surface that is made when something <br> stands between a light and the surface |
| Solar <br> System | the Sun and all the planets that go round it <br> tphere |
| an object that is round in shape like a ball |  |
| star | turns quickly around a central point |
| time zones | a large ball of burning gas in space <br> the time the careas into whichtheworld is divided where <br> hours behind or ahead of GMT (Greenwich MeanTime) |
| universe | the whole of space and all the stars, planets, and other <br> forms of matter and energy in it |

## Investigate!

- Compare the time of day at different places on Earth.
- Construct shadow clocks and sundials.
- KeepaMoon diary over the course of amonth - what do you notice?


# Weston Turville CE School - Science 

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| Question 1: Which of these <br> causes day and night? | Start of <br> unit: | End of <br> unit: |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| The Sun moves across the <br> sky. |  |  |
| The Earth rotates on its axis |  |  |
| The Earth orbits the Sun. |  |  |
| The Moon comes out at <br> night. |  |  |


| Question 6: Time zones are <br> caused by.. | Start of <br> unit: | End of <br> unit: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| the Moon's orbit |  |  |
| the Sun moving across the <br> sky |  |  |
| the Earth's rotation on its <br> axis |  |  |
| the Earth's tilt as it orbits |  |  |


| Question 2: How long does it <br> take the Earth to orbit the <br> Sun? | Start of <br> unit: | End of <br> unit: |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 365 and a quarter days |  |  |
| 28 days |  |  |
| 24 hours |  |  |


| Question 7: TheSun's <br> keeps the planets orbiting it | Start of <br> unit: | End of <br> unit: |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| gravitational pull (gravity) |  |  |
| burning gas |  |  |
| spherical shape |  |  |


| Question 3: The seasons are <br> caused by... | Start of <br> unit: | End of <br> unit: |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| the weather |  |  |
| the Moon |  |  |
| the Earth's rotation on its <br> axis |  |  |
| the Earth's tilt as it orbits |  |  |


| Question 4: The Solar <br> System includes... | Start of <br> unit: | End of <br> unit: |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| the Sun |  |  |
| the planets |  |  |
| asteroids, meteorites and <br> comets |  |  |
| all of theabove |  |  |


| Question8:Asolareclipseis <br> when... | Start of <br> unit: | End of <br> unit: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| the Moon passes between <br> the Sun and the Earth |  |  |
| the Moon comes out in the <br> day |  |  |
| the Earth stops orbiting the <br> Sun |  |  |
| the Sun moves in front of <br> the Moon |  |  |


| Question9: Jupiter, Saturn, <br> Uranus and Neptune are <br> known as... | Start of <br> unit: | End of <br> unit: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| the rocky planets |  |  |
| the gas and ice giants |  |  |
| asteroids |  |  |
| dwarf planets |  |  |


| Question5:Whatdothe <br> Sun, Earth and Moon all <br> have in common? | Start of <br> unit: | End of <br> unit: |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| They all move in space |  |  |
| They are the same size |  |  |
| They are all approximately <br> spherical |  |  |
| They are all stars |  |  |


| Question 10: Write the <br> order of the planets from <br> thedistanceof the Sun (with <br> the closest planet being <br> number 1). | Start of <br> unit: | End of <br> unit: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Venus |  |  |
| Earth |  |  |
| Jupiter |  |  |
| Neptune |  |  |
| Mars |  |  |
| Saturn |  |  |
| Mercury |  |  |
| Uranus |  |  |

